

DAILY SENTINEL

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1904

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKETS.
FOR SENATOR,
HENRY BRADY.
FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
J. H. KENNEDY and J. K. PLUMMER.
FOR TREASURER,
VALENTINE BUTSCH.
FOR CLERK,
JEFFERSON SPRINGSTEEN.
FOR RECORDER,
JOHN B. BREWER.
FOR COMMISSIONER,
WM. HUNTER.
FOR SURVEYOR,
DANIEL FERRIS.
FOR CORONER,
SAMUEL PARROTT.

Campaign Sentinel.

The Weekly Indiana State Sentinel will be furnished for Three Months, during the Campaign, at

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Job Printing.

We are now ready to do all kinds of plain and fancy job printing, in the best style, on short notice, and at as cheap as any other office. We have competent hands, good presses, a fine assortment of paper and cards, and we can do good and cheap work. All kinds of books, briefs, catalogues, etc., printed in the best style and on short notice. We ask the patronage of Democrats, and all others that want printing done.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE. A brief but forcible review of the issues now before the country, including the tariff policy of the party in power. This document was prepared by one of the most eminent citizens of Indiana, and is admirably adapted to enlighten the people upon the present condition of public affairs. A copy should be placed in the hands of every voter in Indiana. It is issued in pamphlet form of 16 pages. Price, \$1 per hundred.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

For choice cake, pies and confectionery go to Cunningham's.

The substitute brokers who were arrested by the Secretary of War have been released and set at liberty without a trial.

We are under infinite obligations to Fred. Cook, of Adams' Express, for his attention in bringing us Louisville papers in advance of the mails. May his shadow never grow less.

MASONIC NOTICE.—There will be a special meeting of Center Lodge No. 23 this (Monday) evening at 7 o'clock for work.

RESIGNATIONS.—The Adjutant General was officially informed yesterday of the resignation of Col. Graham N. Fitch, of the 45th, Col. W. E. McLean, of the 43d, Lieut. Col. Merriweather, of the 38th, and Lieut. Col. Horace Heffner, of the 50th.

Three horses strayed from the stable of O. W. Johnson, in this city, on the night of the 11th inst. One gray horse and two bay horses. All had harness on. Mr. J. will liberally reward any person that will return them, or give information that will lead to their recovery. 13-14

One of the guards at the Arsenal, a member of the 63d regiment, lost the forefinger of his right hand by the accidental discharge of his gun. The company to which he belongs is detailed as a guard for the Arsenal and it is not likely they will soon be called to the seat of war.

During the suspension of business last week several families in Cincinnati bought groceries here and had them shipped to the Queen City. Mr. Geo. W. Pitts sent a great many packages to customers there. Now that the rebels have fallen back from the river, trade will resume its original channel again.

ICE.—The greatest luxury in warm weather is ice. Without it how could we endure the heat? Bleed be the man that invented ice-cream in summer. Mr. Geo. W. Pitts, on Vermont street, has the finest, cleanest and most transparent ice which he delivers each morning to his customers. Call on Mr. Pitts and he will keep you cool.

THE CAMPBELL MINSTRELS.—The Campbell Minstrels open out to night at Masonic Hall for a brief season of three nights. The fame of this company is co-extensive with negro minstrelsy. Wherever they have appeared, great work has been done. The "Campbells" are known for sparkling wit, droll humor, and exquisite music they are unequalled, and we expect to see the hall crowded to overflowing to night and every night during their stay here.

Yesterday there was a long line of sentries around a field or woods pasture, on the Michigan road, where two or three hundred horses are kept. The sentries were very vigilant, and industriously snarped their guns at women and children as they passed, frightening many of them very greatly. Such conduct is unsoldierly, to say the least of it. If it is to be made a military post, people will insist that strict discipline be enforced.

The Indiana American thinks the Lord has selected the Federal cause, and in spite of the heaviest battalions, is now giving aid and comfort to the rebels. The American folks have always professed to be on the Lord's side—does it not follow that they are rebels?

The American will hardly go as far as the eloquent divine is said to have done the other day. In speaking of the crisis he is reported to have said: "If the Lord is with us we will succeed, if he is with the rebels they will succeed, but if he is with the rebels he is a traitor, and should be swung by the neck from the tallest tree in the forest."

Colonel George W. Strickler, who was an independent candidate in 1860 for the Vice Presidency, paid a visit on Saturday. He still entertains the same opinions as in 1860, and for entertaining which his associate, Mr. Botts, is now in some Southern prison. Mr. Strickler is decidedly opposed to the law passed by the Republican Congress at its late session, appropriating public lands to the States for military purposes. He says the effect of the bill will be to absorb all the public domain, rendering nugatory the homestead law, and depriving the soldier of his promised land bounty. Col. Strickler is generally sound upon all public questions, and is opposed to sectional strife and Congressional corruption.

Governor Tod is frequently importuned by various people to procure exemption from military duty—thinking, undoubtedly, that being Governor, he is all powerful. The other day an old lady between fifty and sixty years of age, entered the Governor's office and made an effort to induce that personage to exempt her husband from the draft. Mr. Tod looked at her in amazement, and exclaimed:

"Why, the old gentleman is exempt, isn't he?"

"Ah, but he's an old gentleman!" added the applicant, "he is only thirty-five."

"In that case," said the Governor, "I can not do anything for him. But I'll tell you what I'll do in case he's drafted and gets killed—I'll marry you myself!"

This seemed to satisfy the old lady, and she accordingly departed.

THE MOVEMENTS IN KENTUCKY.

The news from Kentucky is very exciting. It is now beyond a question that Bragg is moving with his entire army against Louisville. His advance occupied Lebanon yesterday, and his troops and wagon trains were already filling the road almost the whole distance from Campbellsville, Taylor county, to Lebanon.

We conversed this morning with a well informed gentleman who left Campbellsville on Wednesday morning, being driven away by the rebels. He states that rebel officers informed him that Bragg had his whole army on the road, and that their destination was Louisville. These officers claimed that Bragg's army numbers over sixty thousand men.

The rebel pickets now reach within four miles of Lebanon Junction, where Gen. Dumont is stationed with two or three Indiana regiments. He will undoubtedly fall back on Louisville.

Bragg's army is in motion towards Louisville, nearly fifty thousand strong. The advance arrived at Bowling Green yesterday, and is expected at Louisville to-night or to-morrow forenoon. Gen. Rosecrans and his brigade are in the advance, and Buell himself was at Bowling Green last night.

Rosecrans's division of Grant's army arrived at Nashville on Tuesday, and is moving toward Louisville. The combined Federal forces are moving in two columns—Rosecrans's command coming by the old turnpike road.

The whole force will reach the neighborhood of Louisville by Saturday night, and if Bragg day morning, being driven away by a bayonet, he and his men, acting in conjunction with the troops now at Louisville, bag his whole army.

Gen. Wood remains in command in Nashville with a force of near 25,000 men. It is not intended to abandon either Nashville or Memphis.

Hurlbut's division left Memphis on Friday last, moving in the direction of Columbus. This may account for the charter of all the light railroads, and for the Government on Thursday and Friday last.

General Sherman remains at Memphis with sufficient force to hold the city against any attack.

The Louisville Journal of Saturday says: Passengers who arrived in this city last evening from Lagrange, report that Frankfort has been evacuated by the rebel troops. It is said that the rebels recently in possession of the Capital have moved in the direction of Cincinnati.

DEFEAT OF FOREST'S CAVALRY.—The Nashville Union of the 9th gives the following account of the defeat of the rebel cavalry under Col. Forrest, in action which has been made in the telegraph:

After Forrest's skirmish and defeat by Gen. McCook's division, near Altoona, and subsequent retreat, before Lexington, Ky., on Saturday morning, he retreated in a body to Wardwood, to make his escape between that place and McMinnville. The 15th brigade of Wood's division, learning the movement, made a rapid march, and on Sunday morning, at about 10 o'clock, met the command of Col. Fyffe, 26th Ohio, with a view to entrap him as he should cross the McMinnville and Woodbury pikes. Col. Fyffe's command comprised the 26th Ohio, Lieut. Col. Young; 17th Indiana, Lieut. Col. Smith; 8th Indiana, Col. Buell, and two sections of artillery. They came upon the rebel column just as it was entering the main road.

Forrest immediately formed a line of battle to receive the attack, by a rapid charge on his right and center, and with one or two volleys of musketry and a few rounds of artillery, completely broke and dispersed them. The enemy's line fell back, and retreated the way they came. It was already dark, the enemy were all mounted, and had no cavalry, and after a pursuit of two miles, Col. Fyffe marched back to camp, among an eighteen miles march and utter rout of the rebel column. After four o'clock P. M. his force consisted of the Texas Rangers, two Georgia, one Tennessee, one Alabama regiment, and a Kentucky squadron. Forrest lost by the admission of his own men, several killed, some severely hurt, and eighty wounded, and 1,400 missing, the entire column being utterly scattered.

THE CAUSE OF THE REBELS FALLING BACK FROM CINCINNATI.—A reliable gentleman—not a contraband—just from Kentucky, gives us the true reason of the sudden retreat of the rebels from before Cincinnati. He says that R. B. Stiles, Esq., the editor of the Journal of this city, who has been in Cincinnati during the operations there, sent a letter to an officer on the picket line by a mounted orderly. The orderly got into the enemy's line and was captured. He was taken before Kirby Smith and the mysterious letter found upon him. A rebel council of war was held over the document, and the queer characters gave rise to much discussion. At length Smith sent out a pair of gold sparks, and then turning the letter upside down and down side up, suddenly jumped to his feet and exclaimed: "We must get back, the Chinese horde are upon us—this is a letter from a Mandarinn of high rank!" The consequence of this was that the rebels, our informant says, and they scattered their ragged along the road as they ran.

RE-ENGAGEMENT OF THE HOLMAN TROOPS.—These popular and talented favorites have appeared before densely crowded houses during the past week, and have given more than general satisfaction. They have improved wonderfully since their first appearance, and have increased the number of their troupe sufficiently to enable them to present some of the finest operatic music and pieces of the day, in a manner unsurpassed by the best operatic companies. We are promised a succession of brilliant entertainments during the ensuing week. To night, in consequence of the immense throng that has attended, and the number that have been unable to obtain seats, the magnificent spectacle of Beauty and the Beast will be repeated in conjunction with other novelties.

Remember the box office is open to day at 10 o'clock.

Henry Meikel, the soldier who was stabbed on Friday, died on Saturday morning from the effects of his wound. The perpetrator of this outrage has not yet been arrested. It is said that Meikel was mistaken for another man, and lost his life for the sins of another. It will be remembered that Taylor, the proprietor of a low saloon on East Washington street, beat a soldier some nights before, and his comrades were to be revenged. Meikel had come out of Taylor's saloon in his shirt sleeves, and was followed and stabbed, the perpetrator supposing he was plunging his knife in Taylor. We trust our military authorities will aid the police force in hunting up the murderer, particularly as the murdered man was a soldier.

The Tenth Indiana State Fair commences on Monday, September 19th. A fine exhibition of stock and a large concourse of people may reasonably be expected. Every effort is being made to render this fair a success. All the railroads centering at Indianapolis, and their connections, will carry passengers and loads of all kinds for one fare and return free. The improvements on the fair grounds are nearly completed. All persons are invited to drive on the new and beautiful time track, at their pleasure. There will be no dining recreations, the Board, but such persons as desire to eat, eating stands on the ground, will make application of J. A. Grosvenor, general superintendent.

Trustees and other school officers, or any person who may be interested in finding teachers, may, upon application to me, gain information in regard to teachers desiring employment. Persons in want of teachers will please state whether they desire male or female, grade of school, time of commencement, salary, etc. Teachers desiring schools will observe the above.

Correspondents should include stamps for answers to their inquiries. Address:

Examiner Marion County, Acton, Ind.

ICE.—Mr. Joseph Butsch, one of the most enterprising ice dealers of the Northwest, has, as he instructs us to announce, a abundance of ice for home consumption, and also plenty for foreign trade. All orders from dealers abroad will be promptly filled. Mr. Butsch's residence is South Street, No. 48, where all orders may be left. Communications through the Postoffice promptly attended to.

The quality of Mr. Butsch's ice is unequalled, and from the quantity he has on hand, he can supply all customers at home and abroad. 15-16m

The firing of cannon yesterday at noon was by order of the War Department, in consequence of the death of Gen. Larned, Paymaster General of the U. S. Army.

It created great excitement in the city, people who had heard of the progress of a battle at Hagerstown on Saturday night, taking for granted that it was a salute in honor of a great Federal victory.

Council Proceedings.

The Council met in regular session on Saturday night.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

By Mr. S. A. Fletcher, Jr., from Mr. Lacombe, for leave to cross Alabama street by a switch from the Bellefontaine railroad to his grain elevator. Referred.

Mayor Maxwell stated that he had had in in Junction moved upon him by the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad to prevent the removal of the wood shed.

REPORTS.

Mr. Woods, Civil Engineer, reported several estimates for improvements in view of W. E. Mississippi street; H. Keenemum, Walnut street; R. A. Looker & Co., side walks on Ohio street and also on Pennsylvania street, which were approved.

Mr. Davis, Chief Fire Engineer, reported the pay roll for his department amounting to \$831.60, which was approved.

A. S. Fletcher, Jr., from the Committee on Accounts, reported an ordinance amounting to \$2,889.77, which was read the third time and passed.

Mr. Fletcher presented a communication from the Auditor of Marion county stating that from the number of prisoners sent to the county jail it would be impossible to accommodate the prisoners from the city. Referred.

The section reported sixty-eight interments from the city and ten from the country during the past month.

Mr. Brown—Streets and Alleys—reported on several contracts, which were approved.

ORDINANCES.

Mr. Haughey introduced an ordinance to grade and boulevard Pennsylvania street to the south side of Market street, which was read three times and passed.

RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

By Mr. Williams, directing the Street Commissioners to make plank crossings on New Jersey street at the crossing of Market street, which was passed, but not by two-thirds vote as required by the charter.

By Mr. McNabb, directing the building of a plank crossing over Tennessee at the crossing of Louisiana street. Passed.

By Mr. Haughey, directing the Street Commissioners to open out the gutters on Circle street. Passed.

By Mr. S. A. Fletcher, Jr., for the appointment of a committee to inquire as to the expediency of making a loop out of the hook and ladder house on Market street. Passed.

By Mr. Brown, that the Mayor and City Attorney resist the injunction served on the Mayor by the Madison Railroad Company in regard to the wood shed on Ohio street. Passed.

Mr. S. A. Fletcher, Jr., brought up the matter of the nuisance caused by the barracks of the 19th infantry on Washington street opposite the Court House. Quite a number of citizens appeared to make complaints and related many incidents of annoyance.

Mr. Brown offered the following which was adopted:

That the officers of the 19th infantry be requested to remove the barracks occupied by recruits on Washington street, between Delaware and Alabama streets, as the same is a nuisance to the inhabitants in that vicinity.

That the Council direct the City Engineer to make resolutions ordering estimates on work done and passed, after which the Council adjourned.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce JOHN A. BEAL as an independent Unconditional Union candidate for Common Pleas Judge for the Twelfth District.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO THE NERVOUS OF BOTH SEXES. A Belief Chiropractor having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of great suffering, is willing to assist others by sending (free) on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription used. Direct to J. O. Dawson 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TOLINSON & CO., Druggists, No. 101 East Washington.

Have been appointed agents for the sale of **BRAND'S TUSSELAGO,** THE WONDERFUL GRANULES, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all kinds of Lung Diseases. Sold in large boxes, 25 cents, and small boxes, 10 cents. Indisputably

SINGER & CO.'S LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, with all the latest improvements, is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all sewing machines. This machine will sew anything, from the running of a tack in tablet to the making of an overcoat—without a pilot or beaver cloth down to the softest game or goosey tissue, and is ever ready to its work to perfection. It can sew, blind, gather, tuck, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can sew, blind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases, of elegant material, which is now becoming so popular, its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case, which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grain in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them. No. 45 Broadway, New York.

Indianapolis Office—No. 3 Old-Fellows' Hall, Washington street. apls-12

CAUTION.

The market is full of imitations, represented to be the same as "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," which are in most cases productive of positive injury. Many dealers will recommend inferior preparations and lower priced articles, asking you more profit to themselves. Ask for and OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," which by long experience have been found to be the best remedy for the cure of bronchitis, whooping cough, and all kinds of lung diseases, and the various throat affections to which public speakers and singers are liable. feb11-dly-62

DRY GOODS.

CLOSING SALE OF SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

AT CALLINAN'S,

No. 28 East Washington Street, North Side.

Greenadine, Borge, Finances, Organettes, Lawns and other dress goods reduced 25 per cent.

BERBERGE ROBES, \$4 to \$5.

French lace mantles, all silk, one and two hat French lace mantles, all silk, one and two hat French lace mantles, all silk, one and two hat

SUMMER BONNETS REDUCED 25 PER CENT. TO CLOSE.

Call and examine. **D. J. CALLINAN, Proprietor.**

12-13

Webb, Kennedy & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Meridian street, Indianapolis, Ind.

MUSIC.

NEW MUSIC BOOK.—"The Silver Chord," a companion to "The Home Circle," by WILLARD A. STOWELL.

TELEGRAPHIC.

(RECEIVED BY THE DAILY SENTINEL.)

Noon Reports.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

ACCIDENT TO PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

GREAT BATTLE AT HAGERSTOWN.

The Indian Troubles.

FOREIGN NEWS.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—A Washington correspondent of the morning papers says: The citizens of Frederickburg, Md., who arrived here today, having left after the evacuation, says the rebel force in that town was estimated at from fifteen to sixteen thousand. His own judgment places it much lower than the figures of our General.

He and his neighbors had not only their cattle, but their butter and cheese, and even their blankets; everything that could be applied to the use of war had been taken.

He was paid nothing, and was not even offered Confederate notes. He says that very few Marylanders joined the rebels.

Commissioner Dole, in a letter from Fort Ripley, Md., says that the rebels are declared to be in the act of sending a large force to the aid of the rebels in the Potomac.

The London Peace Society has issued an address urging the American people to make peace.

The London journals generally take gloomy views of American affairs for the Federal Government.

Queen Victoria had gone to Germany.

Italy—Details of Garibaldi's capture say he was wounded in the foot and thigh by a bayonet, his retreat cut off and unconditional capture inevitable. The resistance nevertheless was desperate. Rumor says the Government contemplates sending him to America.

Popular demonstrations in his favor had occurred at several places but had immediately been put down.

The papers generally think the event must hasten the solution of the Roman question and cause the French to withdraw from Rome.

Night Dispatches.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, September 13.—By order of Major General Banks, commanding the defenses of Washington, the order allowing civilians to cross the bridges and ferries over the Potomac, which has been countermanded. Passes will be required as heretofore, and granted only in cases of extreme necessity.

The latest accounts received here don't indicate any engagement as reported at Harper's Ferry. While coming into the city from the Soldier's Home today, President Lincoln's life was put in peril by a horse, a spirited and powerful animal, running away with him and nearly throwing him. He succeeded in checking the career of his steed, at the cost of a sprained wrist.

From Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Special dispatches to the Bulletin say: Harper's Ferry is declared to be under martial law. Every able-bodied man is going to Chambersburg.

The following dispatch has been received from Gov. Curtin, dated Harrisburg, Sept. 13, 1 P. M.: Contrary to the report, that no more troops are wanted in Harrisburg. I want troops at once and in companies. I cannot wait for the formation of brigades and regiments. We are pushing forward troops every hour. A. G. CURTIN.

The Bulletin is out with an extra with the following, dated Harrisburg:

Men are wanted in companies. They should respond immediately. There is no time for delay.

A heavy battle has been progressing south of Hagerstown for the last four hours. We have been telegraphing all day for home guards and Grey reserves, and hope they will report in companies all others of the State.

A dispatch has just been received from Colonel Thos. A. Scott, from Harrisburg, stating that a battle is going on below Hagerstown, between Jackson's and Miles's forces, and calling on all troops to rush to Harrisburg.

Our citizens are making a prompt response. Hundreds of armed men are rushing through the streets for the Pennsylvania Central railroad, where they prepared to forward 10,000 men to Harrisburg to night.

The reported retreat of Jackson is not credited in well informed circles here, and the active preparations of the Governor indicates that he does not put much faith in it. It is more probable that the rebel army has selected Williamsport as a base of operations, and is establishing connections with Virginia at that point.

The Chambersburg telegraph operator says he heard firing all the afternoon from the vicinity of Martinsburg.

From Urbana.

URBANA, Md., Sept. 13.—We learn through one of our correspondents that Gen. Pleasanton reported this evening that the cavalry under his command crossed the Monocacy on Thursday night, and did not return until this morning.

There is no doubt but the troops under Jackson and Longstreet were at Frederick when they crossed the Monocacy on Thursday night.

Everything shows that the rebels are leaving the Monocacy for Hagerstown. If they do not dispute our passage of the Monocacy we shall be in Frederick to-morrow.

Yesterday evening our cavalry entered Frederick and found it deserted by the rebels. Our forces have been very kindly treated by the people of Frederick.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 13.—Governor Tod has ordered home the militia sent here for the defense of the border.

The Cincinnati troops returned to their duties this afternoon, their services being no longer required in Kentucky, the force of regular troops there being sufficient for any emergency. The streets were thronged with people to welcome the militia home.

The rebels are reported at Walton, twenty miles south.

It is reported to-night that Charleston, Virginia, has been evacuated and burned by the rebels, who are falling back towards the Ohio river.

The Indian Troubles.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 13.—Four persons were killed by the Indians near Mankato, while threshing wheat, within about mile of a company of troops. The Indians took the horses from the threshing machine and left before troops could reach them.

These bold exploits will prevent the farmers from returning to their crops.

The Chippewa chiefs, of Wisconsin, tender their services to the Government to fight the Sioux. It is well known that these two tribes have long been at war with each other.

From Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Pa., September 13.—The retreat of the rebel army across the Potomac is not believed in official circles.

The sending of troops is urged as necessary.

The Mayor has issued a proclamation forbidding citizens leaving town under penalty of arrest.

Martial law has not been proclaimed.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13.—The Oregon Legislature met on the 12th, with a limited session for forty days. There will be a U. S. Senator to elect during the session.

From Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., September 13.—Hon. J. R. Thompson, U. S. Senator, died at his residence in Princeton, last night.

From Fort Monroe.

FORT MONROE, Sept. 10.—A sufficient number of men were sent up with a flag of truce to bring down the 6,000 Federal prisoners awaiting transportation.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

W. F. RUPP.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Dealer in Ready-Made Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods.

No. 105 EAST WASHINGTON STREET, (OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

apd-ly

SUNDAY NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Latest War News.

FIGHT PROGRESSING AT HARPER'S FERRY.

McCLELLAN'S MOVEMENTS.

BATTLE NEAR HAGERSTOWN.

AFFAIRS ON THE BORDER.

FEDERAL DEFEAT IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

Rebels Beaten at Munfordsville, Kentucky.

From Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept.